

# NBFI SECURED INVESTMENTS LIMITED

## REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE – QUARTER ENDED 30 September 2025

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Pursuant to the provisions of the Corporations Act and the Debenture Trust Deed dated 12 December 2006, we herewith provide our report for the quarter ended (30 September 2025) in relation to NBFI Secured Investments Limited.

Report pursuant to Section 283BF of the Corporations Act

- a) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower had no events during the quarter that would have caused it to not comply with the terms of the debentures and secured notes or the provisions of the Trust Deed or Chapter 2L of the Corporations Act. Details of any historic breach are explained in the continuous disclosure statement at the company's website [www.nbfisecuredinvestments.com](http://www.nbfisecuredinvestments.com) [Sec 283BF(4)(a)].
- b) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has had no events during the quarter that have caused or could cause one or more of the following:
  - (i) any amount deposited or lent under debentures and secured notes to become immediately payable.
  - (ii) the debentures and secured notes to become immediately enforceable.
  - (iii) any other right or remedy under the terms of the debenture and secured notes or provisions of the Trust Deed to become immediately enforceable. [Sec 283BF(4)(b)]
- c) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not had any circumstances that have occurred during the quarter that materially prejudice:
  - (i) the Borrower, any of its subsidiaries, or any of the guarantors; or
  - (ii) any security or charge included in or created by the debentures and secured notes or the Trust Deed. [Sec283BF(4)(c)]
- d) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower, its subsidiaries, and guarantors have not had any substantial change in the nature of their business during the quarter. [Sec 283BF(4)(d)]
- e) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower remains focused on its principal activities of issuing debentures and secured notes to the public and lending money secured by mortgages over real estate, as permitted by the above trust deed.
- f) The Borrower confirms that none of the following has happened to the Borrower during the quarter:
  - (i) the appointment of a guarantor.
  - (ii) the cessation of liability of a guarantor body for the payment of the whole or part of the money for which it was liable under the guarantee.
  - (iii) a change in name of a guarantor. [Sec 283BF(4)(e)]
- g) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not created a new charge during the quarter. [Sec 283BE, Clause 10.2]

- h) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has no amounts outstanding on any advances at the end of the quarter from a charge created where:
- (i) the total amount to be advanced on the security of the charge is indeterminate; and
  - (ii) the advances are merged in a current account with bankers, trade creditors or anyone else. *[Sec 283BF(4)(f) and Sec 283BE]*
- i) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not experienced any matters that may materially prejudice any security or the interest of debenture and secured note holders. *[Sec 283BF(4)(g)]*
- j) The Borrower confirms that during the quarter the following amounts have been deposited with or lent to a related body corporate; Not Applicable. *[Sec 283BF(5)(a)]*.
- k) The Borrower confirms that the total amount of money owing to the Borrower at the end of the above quarter in respect of the deposits or loans to related body corporate are as follows: Not Applicable. *[Sec 283BF(5)(b)]*.
- l) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not assumed any liability for a related body corporate during the quarter. *[Sec 283BF(6)]*
- m) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has issued the following securities:

	<i>This Quarter</i> \$	<i>Growth</i> %	<i>Total</i> \$	<i>Total</i> %
Value of Securities issued (net)	\$37,316	0.008%	\$4,434,281	100.00%
Value of Securities maturing within 12 months			\$2,749,981	62.02%
Value of Securities maturing beyond 12 months			\$1,684,300	37.98%

*[Clause 9.5(a)]*

- n) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower continues to meet the minimum requirements of the Borrowing Limitations. *[Clause 8.1, 8.4 & 9.6(b)(i)]*
- o) The Borrower confirms that the Trust Deed:
- i) covenants.
  - ii) representations; and
  - iii) warranties
- are in full force and effect.
- p) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has lent all monies within the permitted lending policies determined under the Security and Risk Assessment Section in the prospectus. *[Prospectus, Section 7.7]*
- q) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has provided to the Trustee, a copy of all:

- i) reports; accounts.
- ii) notices; and
- iii) circulars

sent by the Borrower or any Directors to its members, debenture and secured note holders or ASIC at the same time that it has sent the same. *[Clause 6.8(i)]*

- r) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has complied at all times with the requirements of Chapter 6CA (dealing with continuous disclosure) of the Corporations Act 2001.
- s) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not exceeded the LVR of any loan as published in the current Prospectus or, if not published, in the abovementioned Debenture Trust Deed.
- t) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has provided to the Trustee a Six-Monthly Report of the Auditor within the specified timeframe. *[Clause 9.4]*
- u) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has made all interest and principal payments to debenture and secured note holders when they fell due. *[Clause 9.5(a)]*
- v) In the three months to 30 September 2025, the Borrower confirms that the Borrower and its subsidiaries incurred a profit, as a group *[Clause 9.6(b)(vii)]*, of \$53,375. Income contributing to the profit of NBFISI has largely been derived from its servicing agreement with NBFI Green Debt Fund No. 1 Pty Ltd which is a Lender to CEP. As previously stated, the parent company, NBFI Holdings Pty Ltd, has taken responsibility of agreed expenses in order to alleviate financial pressure on NBFISI until the NBFISI book grows in size and revenue. The Borrower confirms that the Borrower nor any Guarantor has not incurred any contingent liabilities.

If contingent liabilities have been incurred:

- The amount in \$Nil
  - A liability of \$Nil has matured or likely to mature within the succeeding twelve (12) months which will materially affect the Borrower and any Guarantor in its or their ability to repay stock *[Clause 9.6(b)(viii)]*
- w) The Borrower confirms that there has been no change in liabilities and no circumstances have arisen, which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities, misleading or inappropriate *[Clause 9.06 (b)(ix)]*.
- x) The Borrower confirms that in the opinion of the Directors the Current Assets of the Borrower and its subsidiaries appear in the relevant books at values which are realisable in the ordinary course of business. *[Clause 9.6(b)(x)]*
- y) The Borrower confirms that the Directors are not aware of any material changes in the laws of any place which might affect the enforceability of Guarantees and Charges given to or in favour of the Trustee. *[Clause 9.6(b)(xi)]*
- z) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has maintained such insurance with a reputable insurer as would be affected by a prudent company engaged in a similar business and has at all times ensured the premiums and other sums have been paid when they fall due. *[Clause 9.7]*
- aa) The Borrower confirms that it has not entered into any joint first mortgages without first notifying the Trustee. *[Clause 11.3]*

- bb) The Borrower confirms that it complied with each condition of its Australian Financial Services Licence during the quarter.
- cc) The Borrower confirms that it has an adequate Anti-Money Laundering (AML) Program in place and that it has acted in accordance with this and the AML/CTF Act 2016 during the quarter.

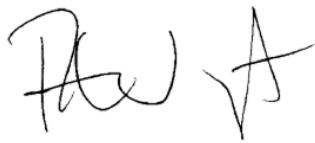
**ASIC Regulatory Guide 69: Debentures & Secured Notes – improving disclosure for retail investors.**

- a) The Borrower confirms that it has made all necessary disclosures against the benchmarks in its disclosure documents and all disclosures remain true and correct.
- b) The Borrower confirms that it continues to meet all benchmarks that the Borrower has stated in disclosure documents that it meets. Refer to Annexure A.
- c) The Borrower confirms that where the Borrower has disclosed that it does not meet the benchmarks on an "if not, why not" basis, the disclosure the Borrower has made continues to be correct and accurate in all material respects and is not misleading.
- d) The Borrower confirms that hereunder the “promises” (as referred to, for instance, in RG69.118) it has made in disclosure documents it has issues and confirms that it has complied with each of the promises it has made in those disclosure documents:
  - The disclosure document of the borrower does not make “promises”. The disclosure document dated 15 November 2022 makes the factual statements and remains unchanged as at the date of this declaration except as detailed in “Annexure A”. Annexure “A” provides disclosure as to whether or not the Borrower has met each of the benchmarks outlines in ASIC Regulatory Guide 69: Debentures & Secured Notes – improving disclosure for retail investors. Annexure “B” provides disclosure to the investment portfolio.
- e) The Borrower confirms that its use of the term “Secured Notes” rather than “Unsecured Notes” is in accordance with the requirements so specified in the ASIC Class Order and further confirm that the Secured Notes are first ranking.

Comments regarding the company’s decision-making process will be covered in the benchmarks in “Annexure A”.

On the basis of the above, the directors declare that they are of the view that the financial position and performance of the Borrower is such that the property of the Borrower (and of each guarantor, if relevant) that is or should be available will be sufficient to repay the amount of each Debenture and Secured Note when it becomes due and payable.

This declaration has been made in accordance with a resolution of directors on the 31st of October 2025.



**Director Peter D Wright  
(Signature)**



**Director Geoffrey J Wensley  
(Signature)**

## **Annexure “A”**

### **ASIC Regulatory Guide 69: Debentures & Secured Notes – improving disclosure for retail investors.**

#### **Disclosure against Benchmarks**

Please disclose whether the Borrower met each of the benchmarks outlined in ASIC’s Regulatory Guide 69: Debentures & Secured Notes – improving disclosure for retail investors during the quarter. Where the Borrower did not meet a benchmark during the quarter, please explain why that is. Note that these quarterly figures used in this report are unaudited.

#### **1. Benchmark One – Capital Equity**

- ASIC's benchmark is that issuers should use the following equity ratio benchmarks:
- (a) where more than a minor part (e.g., 10%) of the issuer's activities is property development or lending funds directly or indirectly for property development  
The issuer should maintain a minimum equity ratio of 20%.
  - (b) in all other cases - the issuer should maintain a minimum equity ratio of 8%.
  - (c) the issuer's equity ratio should be calculated as follows:  

$$\frac{\text{Total Equity}}{\text{Total Liabilities} + \text{Total Equity}}$$
  - (d) the issuer should disclose its comparative equity ratio from the prior year.

The Company does comply as of 30 September 2025, when the capital equity was 34.79% (from the company's own unaudited records). The company is accessing various avenues to secure capital resources to ensure the borrower has sufficient capital to grow the fund. Notwithstanding the company believes it has sufficient equity to safeguard investor's funds with a conservative LVR on the loan portfolio of 43.69% and a strong liquidity position (see below)

Capital equity is expressed as a financial percentage by dividing the equity capital of the company by the total debt of the company plus equity capital.

The capital equity required is 8% where development loans represent only a minor part (< 10% of investor funds) of the company activities, otherwise 20% capital equity is required.

As of 30 September 2025, the Company had no development loans.

## 2. Benchmark Two – Liquidity

- ASIC's benchmark is that all issuers should:-
- (a) have cash flow estimates for the next three months; and
  - (b) ensure that at all times they have cash or cash equivalents sufficient to meet their projected cash needs over the next three months.
- All issuers should also disclose whether they would have cash on hand or cash equivalents sufficient to meet their projected cash needs if:-
- (a) the percentage of note funds to be rolled over during the next three months were 20% less than the percentage that was rolled over in the past three months; or
  - (b) for note funds that are held on an "at call" basis - the amount of note funds retained during the next three months were 20% less than the amount that was retained during the past three months.

The Company complied at 30 September 2025, when the company liquidity was 65.21%. Liquidity is the amount of cash or receivables that the company possesses to ensure that it can readily meet any withdrawal of Secured Note funds or the mortgage operations of the company. As at 30 September 2025 the company held liquidity of \$5,199,017.78 which represented 65.21% of Secured Notes on issue (this figure will vary over time). During these

uncertain times, it has been decided to maintain this high level of liquidity to safeguard against unscheduled redemptions. Given the tightening of credit by the Major Banks, we feel that the liquidity level will diminish in time with the increase in quality loans applications available to NBFISI. During the last quarter, we were conscious of the potential redemptions and therefore loan applications in the pipeline were put on hold. We are now comfortable to commence assessing appropriate loan applications as received.

The company maintains a minimum of 12% liquidity and in the event that the company's liquidity nears 12%, the company will stop lending in order to increase its liquidity level. Alternatively, the company will seek unsecured loans from its shareholders to ensure that sufficient liquidity is maintained. The experience of the company has been that 12% liquidity is sufficient to cover the ongoing cash needs without relying on any increase in the level of Secured Notes on issue.

The company reviews cash flows on a three-monthly basis and monitors its financial resources (new Note holders, loan payments and loan advances) on a day-to-day basis to ensure compliance with its minimum liquidity policy of 12%.

Because the company has no "at call" as opposed to fixed term funds, cash flow projections are less vulnerable to unexpected fluctuations.

### **3. Benchmark Three – Rollovers**

ASIC's benchmark is that issuers shall clearly disclose their approach to rollovers including:-

- (a) what process is followed at the end of the investment term; and
- (b) how they inform those rolling over or making further investments of any current Prospectus and continuous disclosure announcements.

The company complies with this benchmark as per the Prospectus No.13, dated the 15 November 2022 as indicated below.

ASIC's benchmark is that Note issuers disclose their approach to rollovers, including whether the 'default' is that Secured Note investments with them are automatically rolled – over upon maturity. The company's policy is that approximately 30 days prior to the maturity date of a 'Fixed Term' investment the company will notify the Secured Note holder in writing, of the rates and terms available upon which funds may be reinvested for a further period. This pre-maturity letter will also state that the company's current prospectus document, together with any related ongoing disclosure documents, will be available from the company's website [www.nbfisecuredinvestments.com](http://www.nbfisecuredinvestments.com).and that investors who do not have access to the website, may request a hard copy of these documents free of charge by directly contacting the company's registered office.

As of 30 September 2025, the company experienced 100% rollover of maturing Secured Notes for the preceding 3 months. The average monthly rollover of maturing Secured Notes for the previous 12 months ending 30 September 2025 was 97%. If the company experienced 20% decrease in retention of rollovers it would have sufficient cash levels to meet the projected cash needs.

#### 4. Benchmark Four- Debt maturity

ASIC's benchmark is that all issuers should disclose:-  
 (a) an analysis of the maturity profile of interest-bearing liabilities (including Secured Notes on issue) by term and value; and  
 (b) the interest rates, or average interest rates, applicable to their debts.

The company complies with this benchmark in Prospectus No.13, dated 15 November 2022 and also on 30 September 2025 as indicated below.

ASIC requires that all issuers should disclose:

- (a) an analysis of the maturity profile of interest-bearing liabilities (including Secured Notes on issue) by term and value; and
- (b) the interest rates or average interest rates applicable to their debts.

This benchmark assists investors to understand how the business is funded in terms of the nature, timing, and costs of the issuer's debt obligations. On 30 September 2025, the total value of Secured Notes on issue was \$4,396,965.17 with an average interest rate of 7.243% and a maturity analysis of:

Term	Amount		Number	Percentage
Due before 31/12/2025	\$236,272.44		3	5.32%
Due between 01/01/26 & 31/03/26	\$791,666.64		3	17.85%
Due between 01/04/26 & 30/06/26	\$1,559,540.35		13	35.17%
Due between 01/07/26 & 30/09/26	\$162,501.31		1	3.66%
Due after 01/10/2026	\$1,685,300.43		12	38.00%
Total	\$4,434,281.17		32	100.00%

The company reserves the right to redeem early, any Secured Notes by giving 30 days' notice to the holder and redemption may be with or without a premium.

#### 5. Benchmark Five – Loan portfolio

ASIC's benchmark is that issuers who directly on-lend funds, or indirectly on-lend funds through a related party, should disclose the current nature of their (or the related party's) loan portfolio, including:-

- (a) how many loans they have and the value of those loans.
- (b) an analysis of the maturity profile of interest-bearing assets (including loan portfolio) by term and value.
- (c) the interest rates, or average interest rates, applicable to the assets.
- (d) by number and value, the loans they have by class of activity and geographic



	region.
(e)	an analysis (number of loans, value of loans, value of principal and/or interest) of those loans more than 30 days past due and renegotiated loans.
(f)	by number and value, what proportion of the total loan money is lent on a "secured" basis and what is the nature of the security.
(g)	by number and value, what proportion of the total loan money they have lent to their largest borrower and their ten largest borrowers: and
(h)	by number, value, and percentage, what loans are subject to legal proceedings.

As of 30 September 2025, the Company complied with Prospectus No.13 dated 15 November 2022.

ASIC require that Secured Notes issuers who on-lend funds, should disclose the current nature of their loan portfolio and their policies in relation to these matters.

Our loan portfolio on 30 September 2025 includes:

- a) The company has 5 loans totalling \$721,469
- b) Our mortgage documents provide for our loans to be called up at 30 days' notice. With the exception of one loan term for 3 years, all loans have been written with renewable maturity dates of one year.
- c) The average interest rate charged on loans on 30 September 2025 was 8.473% and ranged from 7% to 12.25%.
- d) The number and value of the loans held by class of activity and geographic region:

#### **MORTGAGE LOANS BY PURPOSE AS AT 30 September 2025**

Loan Purpose	Loan Amounts	No. of loans	Percentage
Rural	\$223,912	2	31.03%
Commercial	\$497,557	3	68.97%
Development	\$0	Nil	0%
Total	\$721,469	5	100.00%

Security Location	Loan Amounts	No. of Loans	Percentage
NSW	\$593,383	4	82.25%
Q LD	\$0	0	0.00%
VIC	\$128,086	1	17.75%
Total	\$721,469	5	100.00%

(e) As of 30 September 2025, there were Nil loans in arrears by more than 30 days.

(f) All loans totalling \$721,469 are secured over real property and additional personal property security is taken to ensure that the risk of recovering funds is minimised, where it has a higher exposure to single loans that represent such high proportions of the loan book.

(g) The 10 largest loans total \$721,469 which represents 100% of total loans by dollar value and 100% of loans by number.

(h) No loans are subject of legal proceedings for cost recovery.

The company will continue to manage and assess each loan maturity on a case-by-case basis. Prior to renewal, a valuation will be conducted with instructions to the valuer to stress test the valuation based on current economic conditions. The loan average LVR of the loan book is currently a low 43.69%.

## 6. Benchmark Six – Related party transactions

ASIC's benchmark is that issuers who on-lend funds should disclose their approach to related party transactions, including:

- a) how many loans they have made to related parties; the value of those loans.
- b) the value of loans as a percentage of total assets; and the assessment and approval process they follow with related party loans when loans are advanced, varied or extended (e.g., are they subject to the approval of the Trustee)

The company does comply on 30 September 2025, as per Prospectus No.13 dated 15 November 2022.

ASICs benchmark is that Secured Notes issuers who on lend funds should disclose their approach to related party transactions including how many loans they have made to related parties and the value of those loans, and what assessment and approval process they follow with related party loans.

The company has not made any loans to related parties as of 30 September 2025 which is consistent with its current policy of not lending to related parties.

## 7. Benchmark Seven – Valuations

ASIC's benchmark is that where issuers (directly or indirectly) on-lend money in relation to property related activities, it should take the following approach to obtaining and relying upon valuations:-

- (a) properties (i.e. real estate) should be valued on an "as is" and (for development property) an "as if complete" basis;
- (b) development properties should be re-valued at least every 12 months unless the funds are retained by the issuer and only released in stages to cover project completion costs;
- (c) issuers should have a clear policy on how often they obtain valuations, including how recent a valuation has to be when they make a new loan;
- (d) issuers should establish a panel of valuers and ensure that no single valuer conducts more than one-third of the total number of valuations obtained; and
- (e) the appointment of valuers should be with the Trustees' consent.

Issuers should also include information about the valuation of a particular property in the issuer's prospectus where:-

- (a) the property accounts for 5% or more of the total value of property assets of the issuer;
- (b) the property accounts for 5% or more of the total value of property assets of a related party through which the issuer has indirectly on-lent money;
- (c) a loan secured against the property accounts for 5% or more of the total value of the issuer's loan book; or
- (d) a loan secured against the property accounts for 5% or more of the total value of the loan book of a related party through which the issuer has indirectly on-lent money.

The company complies with this benchmark as per Prospectus No.13 dated 15 November 2022.

The ASIC 's benchmark is that Secured Notes issuers who lend monies for property related transactions, should take the following approach to valuations:

- (a) Properties (i.e., real estate) should be valued on an 'as is' basis.
- (b) Development properties should be revalued at least every 12 months unless the funds are retained by the issuer and only released in stages to cover project completion costs.
- (c) Issuers should have a clear policy on how often they obtain valuations including how recent a valuation has to be when they make a new loan.
- (d) Issuers should establish a panel of valuers and ensure that no one valuer conducts more than one 3<sup>rd</sup> of the issuer's valuation work: and
- (e) Appointment of valuers should be with the Trustees consent.

Issuers should also include information about the valuation of a particular property in the issuers Prospectus where:

- (a) the property accounts for 5% or more of the total value of property assets of the issuer; or
- (b) a loan secured against the property accounts for 5% or more of the total value of the issuers loan book.

The company has 4 loans on 30 September 2025 that account for 5% or more of the total value of its mortgage asset and these loans collectively total \$711,937. These loans have been valued by 4 different valuers. These valuations were by summation and direct comparison conducted by independent and qualified valuers on the companies' panel of valuers.

Loan amount	% of Loan Book	Property Value	Date of Valuation
\$128,086	17.75	\$500,000	December 2017
\$ 95,826	13.28	\$175,000	July 2016
\$160,060	22.18	\$345,000	October 2017
\$327,965	45.46	\$620,000	January 2016

The company reserves the right to obtain on any future dates an up-to-date valuation of the property or properties offered as security at the borrower's expense.

## 8. Benchmark Eight – Lending principles – loan-to-valuation ratios

ASIC's benchmark is that where an issuer (directly or indirectly) on-lends money in relation to property-related activities, it should maintain the following loan-to- valuation ratios:-

- (a) where the loan relates to property development - 70% on the basis of the latest complying valuation; and
- (b) in all other cases - 80% on the basis of the latest complying valuation.

Where the loan relates to property development by a second person (even if related to the issuer), the issuers should ensure that funds raised by the issue of Secured Notes are only provided to the developer in stages, based on external evidence of the progress of the development.

At 30 September 2025, the company continues to comply with Benchmark 8, as per Prospectus No.13 dated 15 November 2022.

ASIC's benchmark is that Secured Notes issuers who on lend funds in relation to property related activities, should maintain the following loan valuations.

- (a) Properties (i.e., real estate) should be valued on an 'as is' and (for development property) 'as if complete' basis.
- (b) Development property should be revalued at least every 12 months unless the funds are retained by the issuer and only released in stages to cover project completion costs.
- (c) Issuers should have a clear policy on how often they obtain valuations including how recent a valuation has to be when they make a new loan.

The average loan to value ratio for the company loan book on 30 September 2025 was 43.86% LVR which reflects a conservative lending policy as issuers approach to loan to value ratio is an indicator on how conservative or aggressive its lending practices are.

## Annexure "B"

### Investment Portfolio of NBF Secured Investments Limited Quarter ending 30 September 2025.

**1. The unaudited Balance Sheet of the Company is as follows: -**

<b>Assets</b>	<b>Current Quarter</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>Previous Quarter</b>	<b>%</b>
Cash and deposits at call	\$5,199,018		\$5,144,530	
Other Auth. Invest				
- Bank Term Deposits				
Accrued Interest	\$931,732		\$ 892,865	
Non-Current Assets				
Real Property				
Secured lending (excluding Prop. Dev.)	\$721,469		\$ 724,162	
Property Dev lending *				
Lenders risk reserve				
Other assets	\$131,807		\$ 131,807	
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$6,984,026</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>\$6,893,364</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				

<i>Debenture note holders</i>	\$4,434,282		\$4,396,965	
<i>Accrued Interest Liabilities</i>	\$12,765		\$ 12,794	
<i>Other liabilities</i>	\$107,115		\$ 107,115	
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	\$4,554,162	100	\$4,516,874	100
<i>Net Assets</i>	<b>\$2,429,865</b>		<b>\$2,376,490</b>	
<b>Equity</b>				
<i>Contributed equity</i>	\$1,531,000		\$1,531,000	
<i>Accumulated profits/losses</i>	\$898,865		\$ 845,490	
<i>Total Equity</i>	<b>\$2,429,865</b>		<b>\$2,376,490</b>	

\*limited to 10% of monies deposited [Clause 11.2(a) (ii)]

**2. The Lending portfolio as at this quarter end is as follows: -**

Number of loans	5
Average loan size	\$144,292
Number of loans that comprise more than 10% of the Principal Moneys to any one party or associated party.	5
Value of loans that comprise more than 10% of the Principal Moneys to any one party or associated party.	\$721,469
Longest term to loan maturity	3 years (all loans 30 days' notice)
Average term to loan maturity	At call 30 days <1 year
Average interest rate charged to Borrowers	8.473%
<i>Average loan to value ratio</i>	43.69%
<i>Average Rate of Return</i>	7.229%

**3. Total Loan Portfolio by Security Type as at this quarter end is as follows: -**

<i>Security Type</i>	<b>No.</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>%</b>
Rural	2	\$223,912	31.03%
Commercial	3	\$497,557	68.97%
<b>Total</b>	5	\$721,469	100%

**4. Total Loan Portfolio/Secured Property by State/Territory as at this quarter end is as follows: -**

State / Territory	Loan Portfolio			Secured Property	
	No.	\$	%	\$	%
NSW	4	\$593,383	82.25%	\$997,040	59.51%
QLD	0	\$0	0.0 %	\$0	0.00 %
VIC	1	\$128,028	17.75%	\$654,179	19.57 %
<b>Total</b>	5	\$721,469	100 %	\$1,651,219	43.69 %

**5. Level of Arrears for the Loan Portfolio (provide details of loans in arrears)**

Loan No.	Loan Balance \$	No. of days in arrears > 30 days	Amount of Arrears due on 31/12/23	Value of Security \$	Current Valuation Date	LVR %
	NIL					

**6. Financial Ratios**

Ratio	This Quarter End	Previous Quarter End
Working capital	1.53	1.53
Debt to Equity Ratio	1.87	1.90
Interest cover (Interest revenue over interest expense)	1.81	3.22
The amount Total Tangible Assets exceeds Total External Liabilities (Clause 8)	\$2,429,864	\$2,376,490
The amount Total Tangible Assets exceeds Total External Liabilities as a percent. (Clause 8)	34.79	34.48
The amount Total External Liabilities are below Total Tangible Assets as a percent (Clause 11 Trust Deed)	65.21	65.52

<b>Total Equity divided by Total Liabilities plus Total Equity, Ratio (RG 69)</b>	34.79	34.48
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