

**ANGLESEY SECURED INVESTMENTS LIMITED**  
**REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE – QUARTER ENDED 30 June 2019**

---

Pursuant to the provisions of the Corporations Act and the Debenture Trust Deed dated 12 December 2006, we herewith provide our report for the quarter ended **(30 June 2019)** in relation to Anglesey Secured Investments Limited.

Report pursuant to Section 283BF of the Corporations Act

- a) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower had no events during the quarter that would have caused it to not comply with the terms of the debentures or the provisions of the Trust Deed or Chapter 2L of the Corporations Act. Details of any historic breach are explained in the continuous disclosure statement at the company's website [www.angleseyinvest.com](http://www.angleseyinvest.com)  
*[Sec 283BF4(4)(a)]*
- b) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has had no events during the quarter that have caused or could cause one or more of the following:
- (i) any amount deposited or lent under the debentures to become immediately payable;
  - (ii) the debentures to become immediately enforceable;
  - (iii) any other right or remedy under the terms of the debenture or provisions of the Trust Deed to become immediately enforceable. *[Sec 283BF(4)(b)]*
- c) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not had any circumstances that have occurred during the quarter that materially prejudice:
- (i) the Borrower, any of its subsidiaries, or any of the guarantors; or
  - (ii) any security or charge included in or created by the debentures or the Trust Deed. *[Sec283BF(4)(c)]*
- d) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower, its subsidiaries and guarantors have not had any substantial change in the nature of their business during the quarter.  
*[Sec 283BF(4)(d)]*
- e) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower remains focused on its principal activities of issuing debentures to the public and lending money secured by mortgages over real estate, as permitted by the above trust deed.
- f) The Borrower confirms that none of the following has happened to the Borrower during the quarter:
- (i) the appointment of a guarantor;
  - (ii) the cessation of liability of a guarantor body for the payment of the whole or part of the money for which it was liable under the guarantee;
  - (iii) a change in name of a guarantor. *[Sec 283BF(4)(e)]*
- g) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not created a new charge during the quarter. *[Sec 283BE, Clause 10.2]*

- h) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has no amounts outstanding on any advances at the end of the quarter from a charge created where:
- (i) the total amount to be advanced on the security of the charge is indeterminate; and
  - (ii) the advances are merged in a current account with bankers, trade creditors or anyone else. *[Sec 283BF(4)(f) and Sec 283BE]*
- i) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not experienced any matters that may materially prejudice any security or the interest of debenture holders. *[Sec 283BF(4)(g)]*
- j) The Borrower confirms that during the quarter an amount has been deposited with or lent to a related body corporate. Refer to Supplementary Prospectus Dated 4<sup>th</sup> December 2019 *[Sec 283BF(5)(a)]*
- k) The Borrower confirms that the total amount of money owing to the Borrower at the end of the above quarter in respect of the deposits or loans to related body corporate is \$437,231. Refer to Supplementary Prospectus Dated 4<sup>th</sup> December 2019. *[Sec 283BF(5)(b)]*
- l) The Borrower confirms that there is a Financial Commitment of \$437,231.00 from NBFH Holdings Pty Ltd as a receivable to be paid by 31<sup>st</sup> March 2020. Refer to Supplementary Prospectus Dated 4<sup>th</sup> December 2019.
- m) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not assumed any liability for a related body corporate during the quarter. If a liability is assumed for the quarter, please provide details of the extent of the liability during the quarter and the extent of the liability at the end of the quarter. *[Sec 283BF(6)]*
- n) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has issued the following securities:

	<i>This Quarter</i>	<i>Growth</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>
	\$	%	\$	%
Value of Securities issued (net)	\$111,957	1.76%	\$6,369,862	100
Value of Securities maturing within 12 months			\$2,679,810	42%
Value of Securities maturing beyond 12 months			\$3,690,052	58%

*[Clause 9.5(a)]*

- o) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower continues to meet the minimum requirements of the Borrowing Limitations. *[Clause 8.1, 8.4 & 9.6(b)(i)]*
- p) The Borrower confirms that the Trust Deed:
- i) covenants;
  - ii) representations; and
  - iii) warranties

are in full force and effect. [www.angleseyinvest.com](http://www.angleseyinvest.com).

- q) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has lent all monies within the permitted lending policies determined under the Security and Risk Assessment Section in the prospectus with the exception of the financial commitment noted in l) above. Refer to Supplementary Prospectus Dated 4<sup>th</sup> December 2019. *[Prospectus, Section 7.7]*
- r) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has provided to the Trustee, a copy of all:
- i) reports; accounts;
  - ii) notices; and
  - iii) circulars
- sent by the Borrower or any Directors to its members, debenture holders or ASIC at the same time that it has sent the same. *[Clause 6.8(i)]*
- s) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has complied at all times with the requirements of Chapter 6CA (dealing with continuous disclosure) of the Corporations Act 2001.
- t) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not exceeded the LVR of any loan as published in the current Prospectus or, if not published, in the abovementioned Debenture Trust Deed.
- u) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has provided to the Trustee a Six-Monthly Report of the Auditor within the specified timeframe. This item remains outstanding at the date of this report, and is noted in the continuous disclosure section on the company's website *[Clause 9.4]*
- v) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has made all interest and principal payments to debenture holders when they fell due. *[Clause 9.5(a)]*
- w) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower and its subsidiaries have not sustained any material trading or capital loss, trading as a group *[Clause 9.6(b)(vii)]*. In the twelve months to 30 June 2019, a trading loss of \$128,352 was incurred. An excess liquidity position harmed the net interest margin. The funds released from the sale of the property, along with surplus liquid assets, will be utilized towards expanding the loan book. This should improve the profitability of the company. The company had significant capital equity of \$341,519 to safeguard against potential losses at 30 June 2019. The Borrower confirms that the Borrower or any Guarantor has not incurred any contingent liabilities. **Not Applicable**

If contingent liabilities have been incurred:

- The amount in \$Nil
- A liability of \$Nil has matured or likely to mature within the succeeding twelve (12) months which will materially affect the Borrower and any Guarantor in its or their ability to repay stock *[Clause 9.6(b)(viii)]*

- x) The Borrower confirms that there has been no change in liabilities and no circumstances have arisen, which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities, misleading or inappropriate [*Clause 9.06 (b)(ix)*].
- y) The Borrower confirms that in the opinion of the Directors the Current Assets of the Borrower and its subsidiaries appear in the relevant books at values which are realisable in the ordinary course of business. [*Clause 9.6(b)(x)*]
- z) The Borrower confirms that the Directors are not aware of any material changes in the laws of any place which might affect the enforceability of Guarantees and Charges given to or in favour of the Trustee. [*Clause 9.6(b)(xi)*]
- aa) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has maintained such insurance with a reputable insurer as would be affected by a prudent company engaged in a similar business and has at all times ensured the premiums and other sums have been paid when they fall due [*Clause 9.7*]

The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has ensured that the funds have been invested in accordance of Clause 11 [*Clause 11*]

- bb) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has ensured that the funds have been invested in accordance of Clause 11 [*Clause 11*]: with the exception of the financial commitment noted in l) above. Refer to Supplementary Prospectus Dated 4<sup>th</sup> December 2019.
- cc) The Borrower confirms that it has not entered into any joint first mortgages without first notifying the Trustee [*Clause 11.3*]
- dd) The Borrower confirms that it has had no Events of Enforcement and Default [*Clause 12*]
- ee) The Borrower confirms that it complied with each condition of its Australian Financial Services Licence during the quarter except for the below breach.

Post 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019 it came to the borrower's attention that the required PI insurance had lapsed. The company has since obtained appropriate Insurance. In relation to Section 912B of the Corps Act, Anglesey has lodged a form FS08 Notification with ASIC regarding insurance. This form FS08 informed ASIC of a significant breach in the licensee's obligations. Anglesey became aware on the 4<sup>th</sup> October 2019 that PI insurance had lapsed and not been renewed as at 28<sup>th</sup> February 2019. Accordingly, as soon as we became aware of this breach we sought and received immediate insurance cover.

- ff) The Borrower confirms that it has an adequate Anti-Money Laundering (AML) Program in place and that it has acted in accordance with this and the AML/CTF Act 2016 during the quarter.

#### **ASIC Regulatory Guide 69: Debentures – improving disclosure for retail investors**

- a) The Borrower confirms that it has made all necessary disclosures against the benchmarks in its disclosure documents and all disclosures remain true and correct.

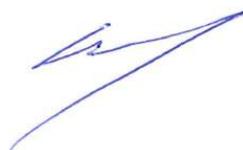
- b) The Borrower confirms that it continues to meet all benchmarks that the Borrower has stated in disclosure documents that it meets. Refer to Annexure A.
- c) The Borrower confirms that where the Borrower has disclosed that it does not meet the benchmarks on an "if not, why not" basis, the disclosure the Borrower has made continues to be correct and accurate in all material respects and is not misleading.
- d) The Borrower confirms that hereunder the "promises" (as referred to, for instance, in RG69.118) it has made in disclosure documents it has issues and confirms that it has complied with each of the promises it has made in those disclosure documents:
- The disclosure document of the borrower does not make "promises". The disclosure document dated 1 August 2018 makes the factual statements and remains unchanged as at the date of this declaration except as detailed in "Annexure A". Annexure "A" provides disclosure as to whether or not the Borrower has met each of the benchmarks outlines in ASIC Regulatory Guide 69: Debentures – improving disclosure for retail investors. Annexure "B" provides disclosure to the investment portfolio

On the basis of the above, the directors declare that they are of the view that the financial position and performance of the Borrower is such that the property of the Borrower (and of each guarantor, if relevant) that is or should be available will be sufficient to repay the amount of each Debenture when it becomes due and payable.

This declaration has been made in accordance with a resolution of directors on the 30 July 2019.



**Director Peter D Wright  
(Signature)**



**Director Geoffrey J Wensley  
(Signature)**

## Annexure “A”

### ASIC Regulatory Guide 69: Debentures – improving disclosure for retail investors.

#### Disclosure against Benchmarks

Please disclose whether the Borrower met each of the benchmarks outlined in ASIC’s Regulatory Guide 69: Debentures – improving disclosure for retail investors during the quarter. Where the Borrower did not meet a benchmark during the quarter, please explain why that is. Note that these quarterly figures used in this report are unaudited.

#### 1. Benchmark One – Capital Equity

The Company does not comply as at 30 June 2019, when the capital equity was 5.4% (from the company’s own unaudited records). The company’s capital equity has declined as a result of operating losses incurred over the course of the financial year. A \$32,640 loss was incurred on the sale of the company owned property at McDonnell Street, Forbes. In addition, an excess liquidity position harmed the net interest margin. The funds released from the sale of the property, along with surplus liquid assets will be utilized towards expanding the loan book. This should improve the profitability of the company. Notwithstanding the company believes it has sufficient equity to safeguard investor’s funds with a conservative LVR on the loan portfolio of 45.3% and a strong liquidity position (see below)

Capital equity is expressed as a financial percentage by dividing the equity capital of the company by the total debt of the company plus equity capital.

The capital equity required is 8% where development loans represent only a minor part (< 10% of investor funds) of the company activities, otherwise 20% capital equity is required. As at 30 June 2019 the Company had no development loans.

#### 2. Benchmark Two – Liquidity

The Company complied at 30 June 2019, when the company liquidity was 21.4%. Liquidity is the amount of cash or receivables that the company possesses to ensure that it can readily meet any withdrawal of Secured Note funds or the mortgage operations of the company. As at 30 June 2019 the company held liquidity of \$1,368,536 which represented 21.4% of Notes on issue (this figure will vary over time). The company maintains a minimum of 12% liquidity and in the event that the company’s liquidity nears 12%, the company will stop lending in order to increase its liquidity level. Alternatively, the company will seek unsecured loans from its shareholders to ensure that sufficient liquidity is maintained. The experience of the company has been that 12% liquidity is sufficient to cover the ongoing cash needs without relying on any increase in the level of Notes on issue.

The company reviews cash flows on a three-monthly basis and monitors its financial resources (new Note holders, loan payments and loan advances) on a day-to-day basis to ensure compliance with its minimum liquidity policy of 12%.

At 30 June 2019 the company experienced 85% rollover of maturing Notes for the preceding 3 months. The average monthly rollover of maturing notes for the previous 3 months ending 31 March 2018 was 85%. If the company experienced 20% decrease in retention of rollovers it would have sufficient cash levels to meet the projected cash needs. Because the company has no “at call” as opposed to fixed term funds, cash flow projections are less vulnerable to unexpected fluctuations.

### 3. Benchmark Three – Rollovers

The company complies with this benchmark as per the Prospectus No.9, dated the 1 August 2018 as indicated below.

ASIC's benchmark is that Note issuers disclose their approach to rollovers, including whether the 'default' is that Secured Note investments with them are automatically rolled – over upon maturity. The company's policy is that approximately 30 days prior to the maturity date of a 'Fixed Term' investment the company will notify the Secured Note holder in writing, of the rates and terms available upon which funds may be reinvested for a further period. This pre-maturity letter will also state that the company's current prospectus document, together with any related ongoing disclosure documents, will be available from the company's website [www.angleseyinvest.com](http://www.angleseyinvest.com) and that investors who do not have access to the website, may request a hard copy of these documents free of charge by directly contacting the company's registered office.

### 4. Benchmark Four- Debt maturity

The company complies with this benchmark in Prospectus No.9, dated 1 August 2018 and also at 30 June 2019 as indicated below.

ASIC requires that all issuers should disclose:

- (a) an analysis of the maturity profile of interest-bearing liabilities (including notes on issue) by term and value; and
- (b) the interest rates or average interest rates applicable to their debts.

This benchmark assists investors to understand how the business is funded in terms of the nature, timing and costs of the issuer's debt obligations. At 30 June 2019, the total value of Notes on issue was \$6,369,862 with an average interest rate of 4.975% and a maturity analysis of:

Term	Amount	Number	Percentage
Due before 30/09/19	\$69,156	1	1.0%
Due between 01/10/19 & 31/05/20	\$2,610,653	24	41%
Due between 01/06/20 & 31/05/2024	\$3,690,052	21	58%
Total	\$6,369,862	46	100

The company reserves the right to redeem early, any Secured Notes by giving 30 days' notice to the holder and redemption may be with or without a premium.

### 5. Benchmark Five – Loan portfolio

As at 30 June 2019 the Company complied with Prospectus No. 9 dated 1 August 2018.

ASIC require that Secured Notes issuers who on-lend funds, should disclose the current nature of their loan portfolio and their policies in relation to these matters.

Our loan portfolio at 30 June 2019 includes:

- a) The company has 21 loans totalling \$4,686,861.
- b) Our mortgage documents provide for our loans to be called up at 30 days' notice. With the exception of one loan term for 5 years, all loans have been written with renewable maturity dates of one year.

- c) The average interest rate charged on loans at 30 June 2019 was 9.085 % and ranged from 7% to 10.04%.
- d) The number and value of the loans held by class of activity and geographic region:

**MORTGAGE LOANS BY PURPOSE AS AT 30 June 2019**

Loan Purpose	Loan Amounts	No. of loans	Percentage
Rural	\$2,190,256	10	46.7%
Commercial	\$2,496,605	11	53.3%
Development			
Total	\$4,686,861	21	100%

Security Location	Loan Amounts	No. of Loans	Percentage
NSW	\$3,649,755	15	78.0%
Q LD	\$0	0	0.0%
VIC	\$1,037,106	6	22.0%
Total	\$4,686,861	21	100.00%

(e) As at 30 June 2019 there were 6 loans in arrears by more than 30 days. The total sum of loans more than 30 days in arrears was \$1,640,637 including arrears interest of \$46,921. Repayment arrangements are in place for these loans, and they are anticipated to return within the original approved limits shortly.

(f) All loans totalling \$4,686,861 are secured over real property and water licenses and additional personal property security are taken to ensure that the risk of recovering funds is minimised, where it has a higher exposure to single loans that represent such high proportions of the loan book.

(g) The 10 largest loans total \$3,357,796 which represents 69 % of total loans by dollar value and 48% of loans by number.

(h) No loans are subject of legal proceedings for cost recovery.

**6. Benchmark Six – Related party transactions**

The company does not comply on 30 June 2019, as per Prospectus No. 9, dated 1 August 2019.

ASICs benchmark is that Secured Notes issuers who on lend funds should disclose their approach to related party transactions including how many loans they have made to related parties and the value of those loans, and what assessment and approval process they follow with related party loans.

**Refer to Supplementary Prospectus Dated 4<sup>th</sup> December 2019.**

## 7. Benchmark Seven – Valuations

The company complies with this benchmark as per Prospectus No. 9, dated 1 August 2018.

The ASIC 's benchmark is that Secured Notes issuers who lend monies for property related transactions, should take the following approach to valuations:

- (a) Properties (i.e. real estate) should be valued on an 'as is' basis;
- (b) Development properties should be revalued at least every 12 months unless the funds are retained by the issuer and only released in stages to cover project completion costs;
- (c) Issuers should have a clear policy on how often they obtain valuations including how recent a valuation has to be when they make a new loan;
- (d) Issuers should establish a panel of valuers and ensure that no one valuer conducts more than one 3<sup>rd</sup> of the issuer's valuation work; and
- (e) Appointment of valuers should be with the Trustees consent.

Issuers should also include information about the valuation of a particular property in the issuers Prospectus where:

- (a) the property accounts for 5% or more of the total value of property assets of the issuer; or
- (b) a loan secured against the property accounts for 5% or more of the total value of the issuers loan book.

The company has 6 loans at 30 June 2019 that account for 5% or more of the total value of its mortgage asset and these loans collectively total \$2,730,969. These loans have been valued by 6 different valuers. These valuations were by summation and direct comparison conducted by independent and qualified valuers on the companies' panel of valuers.

<b>Loan amount</b>	<b>% of Loan Book</b>	<b>Property Value</b>	<b>Date of Valuation</b>
\$346,534	7.10	\$535,000	October 2014
\$514,252	10.5	\$2,500,000	May 2017
\$494,359	10.1	\$5,000,000	December 2017
\$295,094	6.0	\$729,000	January 2010
\$691,607	14.2	\$990,000	March 18
\$389,123	8.1	\$485,000	July 2016

The company reserves the right to obtain on any future dates an up to date valuation of the property or properties offered as security at the borrower's expense.

## **8. Benchmark Eight – Lending principles – loan-to-valuation ratios**

At 30 June 2019, the company continues to comply with Benchmark 8, as per Prospectus No. 9, dated 1 August 2018.

ASIC's benchmark is that Notes issuers who on lend funds in relation to property related activities, should maintain the following loan valuation's;

- (a) Properties (i.e. real estate) should be valued on an 'as is' and (for development property) 'as if complete' basis;
- (b) Development property should be revalued at least every 12 months unless the funds are retained by the issuer and only released in stages to cover project completion costs.
- (c) Issuers should have a clear policy on how often they obtain valuations including how recent a valuation has to be when they make a new loan.

The average loan to value ratio for the company loan book at 30 June 2019 was 45.3% LVR which reflects a conservative lending policy as issuers approach to loan to value ratio is an indicator on how conservative or aggressive its lending practices are.

## Annexure “B”

### Investment Portfolio of Anglesey Secured Investments Limited Quarter ending 30 June 2019

1. The unaudited Balance Sheet of the Company is as follows: -

Assets	Current Quarter (Amended as per Audited Financials to 30 <sup>th</sup> June 2019)	%	Previous Quarter	%
Cash and deposits at call	\$898,665		\$1,330,660	
Financial Commitment from NBFH Holdings Pty Ltd	\$437,231			
Other Auth. Invest				
- Bank Term Deposits				
Accrued Interest	\$18,676		\$23,918	
Non-Current Assets				
Real Property	\$627,359		\$660,000	
Secured lending (excluding Prop. Dev.)	\$4,686,861		\$4,671,266	
Property Dev lending *	nil		nil	
Lenders risk reserve				
Other assets	\$34,648		\$626	
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$6,703,440</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>\$6,686,470</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
<i>Debenture note holders</i>	\$6,369,862		\$6,257,905	
<i>Accrued Interest Liabilities</i>	\$9,392		\$12,277	
<i>Other liabilities</i>	\$30,574		\$26,606	
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>\$6,409,828</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>\$6,296,788</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Net Assets</b>	<b>\$293,612</b>		<b>\$389,682</b>	
<b>Equity</b>				
<i>Contributed equity</i>	\$1,021,000		\$1,021,000	
<i>Accumulated profits/losses</i>	(\$727,388)		(\$631,318)	
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>\$293,612</b>		<b>\$389,682</b>	

\*limited to 10% of monies deposited [Clause 11.2(a) (ii)]

**2. The Lending portfolio as at this quarter end is as follows: -**

Number of loans	21
Average loan size	\$221,502
Number of loans that comprise more than 10% of the Principal Moneys to any one party or associated party.	3
Value of loans that comprise more than 10% of the Principal Moneys to any one party or associated party.	\$1,700,219
Longest term to loan maturity	5 years (all loans 30 days' notice)
Average term to loan maturity	At call 30 days <1 year
Average interest rate charged to Borrowers	9.084%
<i>Average loan to value ratio</i>	45.3 %
<i>Average Rate of Return</i>	2.96 %

**3. Total Loan Portfolio by Security Type as at this quarter end is as follows: -**

<i>Security Type</i>	No.	\$	%
Rural	10	\$2,190,256	46.7 %
Commercial	11	\$2,496,605	53.3 %
<b>Total</b>	21	\$4,686,861	100%

**4. Total Loan Portfolio/Secured Property by State/Territory as at this quarter end is as follows: -**

<i>State / Territory</i>	Loan Portfolio			Secured Property	
	No.	\$	%	\$	%
NSW	15	\$3,649,755	78.0%	\$8,372,951	79 %
QLD	0	\$0	0.0 %	\$0	0 %
VIC	6	\$1,037,106	22.0 %	\$2,219,489	21 %
Total	21	\$4,686,861	100 %	\$10,592,440	100 %

## 5. Level of Arrears for the Loan Portfolio (provide details of loans in arrears)

Loan No.	Loan Balance \$	No. of days in arrears > 30 days	Amount of Arrears due on 30/06/19	Value of Security \$	Current Valuation Date	LVR %
64	\$346,534	11	\$3,610	\$535,000	Oct 2014	64.6%
6	\$297,243	186	\$17,049	\$729,000	Jan 2010	40.7%
273	\$166,267	79	\$12,387	\$1,040,000	July 2017	15.9%
265	\$165,623	181	\$10,500	\$320,000	Oct 2015	51.5%
284	\$145,787	158	\$7,000	\$143,767	Jul 2017	109.8%
285	\$514,969	80	\$12,188	\$2,500,000	May 2017	20.5%

All of these borrowers are under arrangements with Anglesey to bring their loan accounts to order.

## 6. Financial Ratios

Ratio	This Quarter End	Previous Quarter End
Working capital	0.95	0.96
Debt to Equity Ratio	18.70	16.16
Interest cover (Interest revenue over interest expense)	1.31	1.30
The amount Total Tangible Assets exceeds Total External Liabilities (Clause 8)	\$341,518	\$293,612
The amount Total Tangible Assets exceeds Total External Liabilities as a percent. (Clause 8)	5.73%	6%
The amount Total External Liabilities are below Total Tangible Assets as a percent (Clause 11 Trust Deed)	94.27 %	94%
<b>Total Equity divided by Total Liabilities plus Total Equity, Ratio (RG 69)</b>	5.42%	6%